

Report

2022 HR Trends Survey

Total National Report









Table of Contents

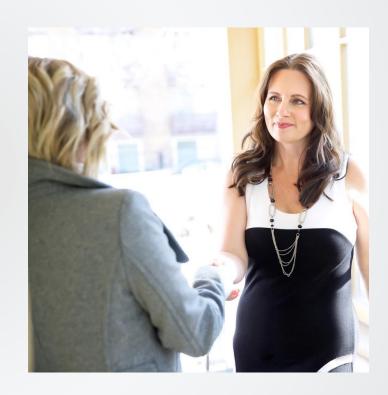
•	INTRODUCTION	4
•	KEY INSIGHTS	8
•	DETAILED FINDINGS	12
	 Employment Characteristics 	13
	 Job Responsibilities 	17
	 Education & HR Designation 	25
	 Salary, Benefits, & Other Compensation 	33
	 Professional Development 	44
	 Engagement, Retention & Turnover 	53
	 Diversity, Equity & Inclusion 	63
	Technology	69
	 Organization Firmographics 	74
	Demographics	82
•	CONTACT INFORMATION	86





BACKGROUND & OBJECTIVES

- In 2022, Chartered Professionals in Human Resources (CPHR) Canada an association representing over 31,000 members nationally and Human Resources Professionals Association (HRPA) representing just under 23,000 members in Ontario conducted a Human Resources trends survey among HR professionals across the country.
- The key objectives were to better understand:
 - HR salaries, benefits, and other compensation;
 - Job responsibilities;
 - Acquisition and benefit of HR designations;
 - Professional development activities;
 - Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Initiatives;
 - Technology trends; and
 - Recruitment and Retention challenges.





METHODOLOGY: SAMPLE NOTES

- An online survey was conducted from October 31 to November 22, 2022 with members from CPHR Canada Member Associations and Human Resources Professionals Association (HRPA) of Ontario.
- Members were invited to participate through email communication from their respective associations.
 - A total of 1,954 respondents completed the survey
 - The HR organizations and the corresponding regions are detailed in the table below.
- Note that for ease of reference, provincial abbreviations are used throughout the report to reference each association/region.

ASSOCIATION/REGION												
CPHR BC & YK	CPHR AB	CPHR SK	CPHR MB	HRPA	CRHA	CPHR NS	CPHR NB	Atlantic				
BC YT	AB NT NU	SK	МВ	ON	QC	NS	NB	NB NL NS PEI				



METHODOLOGY: SAMPLE

• Sample sizes and margin of error (based on Finite Population Correction) for each group are detailed in the table below.

	Total	ВС	АВ	SK	MB	ON	QC	NS	NB	Atlantic
Base size	1,954	273	293	93	93	588	430	115	48	179
Margin of Error*	±2.2%	±5.8%	±5.6%	±10.1%	±10.1%	±3.8%	±4.6%	±8.6%	±13.6	±7.2%

^{* 19} times out of 20, using the Finite Population Correction Factor

- The following report details the total national results.
- Throughout the report, significant differences that are greater or less than 8% (between the different regions) are marked as follows:
 - ▲ Significantly higher than all comparative regions. ▼ Significantly lower than all comparative regions.
- Individual results for participating associations are available under a separate cover.
- Note that due to rounding totals for charts/tables may not sum to 100%.

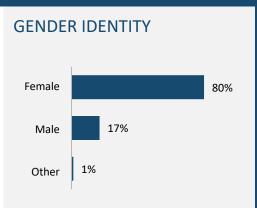


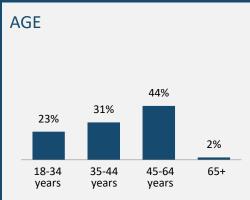


KEY INSIGHTS: NATIONAL TOTAL

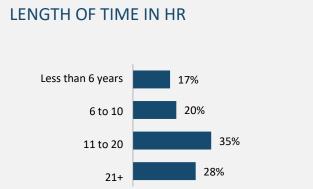


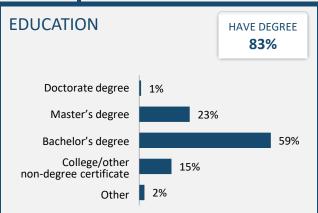
The typical HR professional in Canada is female, 45-64 years old, salaried full-time, has worked in HR for 11-20 years, and has a bachelors degree related to HR.



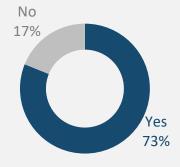








EDUCATION RELATED TO HR







SENTIMENTS ABOUT HR PROFESSION

HR professionals are proud of their profession:

- 95% are proud of the work done as an HR professional.
- 80% feel HR is considered a strategic position in their company.
- 79% look forward to coming to work.

Nearly three-fifths (59%) find recruitment very or extremely challenging, while 33% face the same level of challenge with retention.

91% have seen an increase in workload over past 12 months. Only 37% have received additional support.

Top retention measures implemented are:

- Flexible work options: 53%
- Re-evaluating employee compensation: 47%
- Wellness initiatives: 42%
- 46% of HR professionals say they have increased salaries to help offset inflation

EDUCATION

75% of HR professionals have an HR designation.

7% are planning to get an HR designation.

Top reasons for getting an HR designation

- Credibility and recognition of title: 81%
- Employability and career progression possibilities: 72%

Almost all HR professionals spent time and money on professional development in the past year.

98%

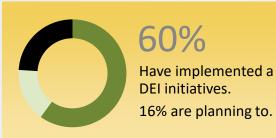
spent time on their personal professional development, with an average of 45 hours

88%

spent money on their personal professional development, with an average spend of \$1,275

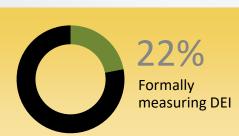


DEI Initiatives









Those measuring saw at least moderate increases:

- 40%↑ in *Diversity*
- 35%↑ in Equity
- 39%↑ in Inclusion

HR Technology



Have implemented some HR digital transformation initiatives.

13% are planning to.



27%

Have formal HR tech strategy

Top areas planned for HR automation are:

- Internal processes (73%)
- Employee onboarding (67%)
- Job applicant tracking (62%)







Current Employment Situation: By Region



Nearly all HR professionals are salaried, full-time employees. Among the different regions, Quebec members are **least likely** to be salaried full-time employees while members in Saskatchewan and Manitoba are **most likely**.

	NATIONAL		BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
Salaried full-time	8	36%	90%	85%	94% 🔺	95% 🔺	87%	77% ▼	92%	92%	91%
Self-employed consultant	6%		3%	5%	3%	3%	5%	10%	2%	6%	4%
Salaried part-time	3%		3%	2%	1%	0%	4%	4%	3%	2%	2%
Contract full-time	2%		1%	3%	1%	2%	3%	1%	1%	0%	1%
Gig worker /freelancer	2%		<1%	1%	3%	0%	1%	6%	0%	0%	0%
Contract part-time	1%		3%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%
Private practice full-time	1%		1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	3%	0%	0%	0%
Consultant at a firm	1%		<1%	3%	0%	0%	<1%	2%	2%	0%	1%
Private practice part-time	<1%		0%	1%	0%	0%	<1%	1%	0%	0%	0%
Other	1%		1%	<1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%



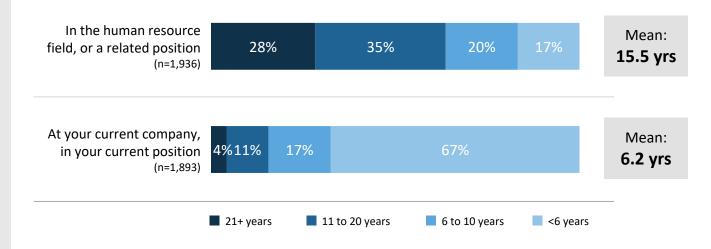
The typical HR professional has worked an average of almost 16 years in the HR field.

Two-thirds of HR professionals have been in their current position for less than 6 years.

Those working in the Parapublic/public sectors tend to have worked in their current position longer (6.8 years).



Years of HR and Organization Experience: NATIONAL





Ontario and Quebec members are the **most likely** to have worked in HR for 20 years or longer, while Manitoba and BC & Yukon members are the **least likely**.

Members in Alberta have, on average, worked in HR for the longest time, while those in BC & Yukon have worked in HR for the shortest time.

Those in BC & Yukon have also worked at their current company, in their current position, for the **shortest time**.

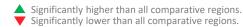


Years of Full Time Experience:

By Region



^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.
Base: All respondents, excluding don't know.
X4. How many years of experience do you have?









JOB RESPONSIBILITIES: KEY INSIGHTS

HR professionals are responsible for a variety of different human resources aspects. The most common functions include:

Culture (65%), talent acquisition (65%), engagement (64%), generalist (63%), HR compliance (63%), strategy (59%), compensation (salaries & bonuses) (59%), change management (57%), learning development (57%), and organizational effectiveness/development (57%).

Quebec members are significantly less likely to be responsible for a number of specific human resource aspects, with the most differences for:

HR compliance (23% less), HR management information systems (HRMIS) (23% less), legal (18% less), management/planning (13% less), culture (11% less), and talent acquisition (11% less).

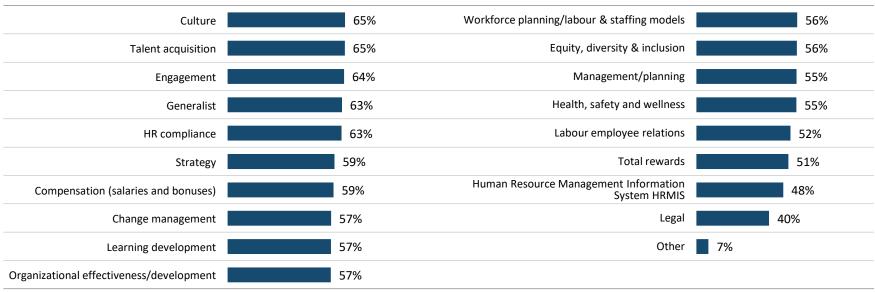






Job Responsibilities in Current Position: NATIONAL





Base: All respondents, excluding prefer not to answer (n=1,954).

A4. Which of the following aspects of human resources are included as part of your current position?



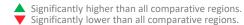


Job Responsibilities in Current Position: By Region

2022	TOTAL (n=1,954)	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
Culture	65%	70%	71%	73%	65%	66%	54% ▼	61%	71%	65%
Talent acquisition	65%	67%	63%	75% 🔺	76% 🔺	69%	55% ▼	63%	75%	66%
Engagement	64%	70%	65%	73%	71%	64%	60%	57%	73%	61%
Generalist	63%	65%	64%	65%	57%	65%	61%	63%	52%	60%
HR compliance	63%	65%	69%	65%	74% 📥	74% 📥	40% ▼	63%	71%	65%
Strategy	59%	61%	64%	66%	71% 🔺	60%	49% 🔻	57%	65%	61%
Compensation (salaries and bonuses)	59%	60%	57%	72% 🔺	70% 🔺	62%	49% 🔻	55%	71%	60%
Change management	57%	59%	62%	58%	62%	55%	55%	55%	58%	57%
Learning development	57%	61%	59%	59%	62%	56%	57%	49% 🔻	50%	51%
Organizational effectiveness/development	57%	58%	62%	63%	63%	58%	51%	53%	58%	55%
Workforce planning/labour & staffing models	56%	52%	57%	75% 🔺	73% 🔺	57%	48% ▼	52%	65%	58%
Equity, diversity & inclusion	56%	63% 🔺	56%	63%	57%	56%	46% ▼	68% 📥	56%	64% 📥
Management/planning	55%	59%	58%	59%	66% 🔺	61%	42% ▼	53%	56%	55%
Health, safety and wellness	55%	64% 🔺	46% ▼	65%	58%	58%	50%	50%	71% 🔺	57%
Labour employee relations	52%	49%	54%	54%	67% 🔺	49%	52%	59%	52%	56%
Total rewards	51%	55%	49%	59%	59%	53%	46%	42% V	52%	46%
Human Resource Management Information System HRMIS	48%	60% 🔺	49%	42%	56%	56% 🔺	25% ▼	51%	67% 🔺	55% 🔺
Legal	40%	45%	43%	40%	44%	51% 🔺	22% 🔻	33%	33%	35%
Other	7%	6%	8%	8%	4%	6%	8%	8%	10%	8%

Base: All respondents, excluding prefer not to answer. **Small sample size, interpret with caution.

A4. Which of the following aspects of human resources are included as part of your current position?





Compared to all other regions, members from Quebec are **most likely** to have a management level position.

Members from Ontario are **least likely** to hold "advisory project manager" positions and **most likely** to fill "support/admin roles."

Those in BC & Yukon are **most likely** to hold "senior manager" titles.



Current Job Title: By Region

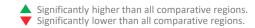
PROVINCE

	NATIONAL	BC (n=94)	AB (n=95)	SK (n=27**)	MB (n=27**)	ON (n=183)	QC (n=155)	NS (n=24**)	NB (n=12**)	Atlantic (n=39**)
NET: MANAGEMENT LEVEL	28%	20%	29%	30%	22%	29%	35%▲	13%	33%	18%
Advisory project manager	22%	17%	15%	11%	7%	14% 🔻	48%▲	8%	8%	10%
Senior Manager	17%	27% 🔺	22%	15%	26%	17%	5%▼	33%	17%	28%
Director	17%	12%	16%	11%	11%	16%	23%	8%	33%	15%
Support/administrative role	15%	19%	13%	15%	4%	23% 📥	3%▼	29%	8%	21%
First level supervisor	10%	13%	11%	19%	19%	9%	6%	13%	17%	15%
VP	5%	3%	6%	11%	7%	5%	5%	0%	0%	0%
C-level	4%	4%	5%	4%	4%	4%	3%	0%	0%	0%
SVP, EVP	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%
Other	9%	5%	13%	15%	22%	11%	5%	8%	17%	10%

^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.

Base: All respondents, excluding prefer not to answer (n=621).

A3. What employee category best represents your current position?

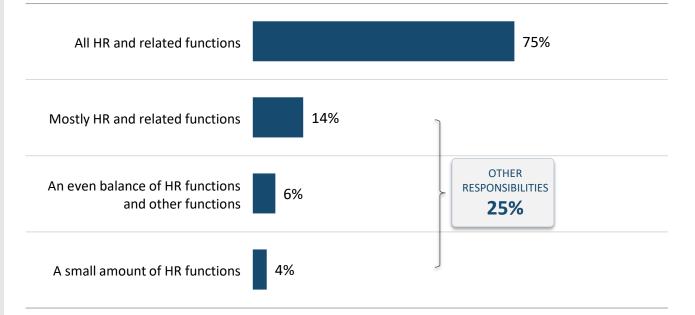




One-quarter of HR professionals have responsibilities outside of human resources.

Leger

HR Involvement: NATIONAL





HR Involvement: By Region

Among HR professionals, 3-in-4 describe their current role as all HR and related functions. While another 1-in-5 say they their role is either mostly HR or an even balance of HR and other functions.

Members in Quebec are the **least likely** to be in a role with all HR and related functions.

PROVINCE

	TOTAL	ВС	AB	SK	МВ	ON	QC	NS	NB	Atlantic
	(n=1,949)	(n=273)	(n=293)	(n=93)	(n=93)	(n=585)	(n=429)	(n=115)	(n=48**)	(n=179)
All HR and related functions	75%	77%	78%	76%	73%	79%	67%▼	79%	75%	76%
Mostly HR and related functions	14%	10%	13%	14%	17%	12%	22%▲	11%	10%	12%
An even balance of HR functions and other functions	6%	10%	5%	5%	6%	4%	8%	5%	8%	6%
A small amount of HR functions	4%	3%	3%	4%	3%	5%	4%	4%	6%	6%





Sentiment Towards Job:

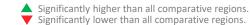
By Region

The vast majority of members agree with each of the following statements, particularly "I am very proud of the work I do as an HR professional" (95% somewhat/strongly agree) and "My contributions are important to the success of my organization" (94% somewhat/strongly agree). Most look forward to coming to work.

PROVINCE



Base: All respondents, excluding don't know (n varies). **Small sample size, interpret with caution. A5. To what extent do you agree or disagree with the with the following statements:







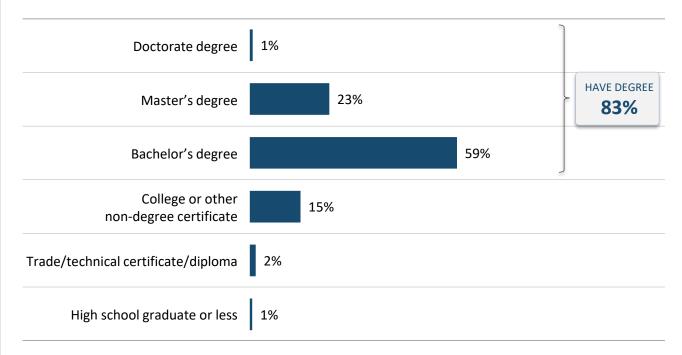
Over 8-in-10 HR professionals hold a degree, with most having a Bachelor's degree.

Groups significantly more likely to have a degree include:

- Work in parapublic organization:93%
- Age 18-34: 95%
- 1K+ employees: 88%
- Have an HR designation: 86%



Education Level: NATIONAL





Education Level: By Region



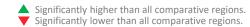
Compared to all other regions, members from Quebec are **most likely** to have a degree (nearly all do), driven by a higher rate of Master's degrees, and **least likely** to have a college or other non-degree certificate degree.

Members from Manitoba are least likely to hold a degree and most likely to have a college or other non-degree certificate.

PROVINCE

2022	TOTAL (n=1,951)	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=587)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=114)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=178)
DEGREE (NET)	83%	80%	79%	78%	61%▼	81%	97% 📥	82%	81%	81%
Doctorate degree	1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	0%	1%
Master's degree	23%	21%	20%	23%	8% ▼	18%	38% 🔺	15%▼	15%	15%▼
Bachelor's degree	59%	58%	58%	56%	54%	62%	57%	65%	67%	65%
College or other non-degree certificate	15%	16%	15%	16%	35%▲	19%	3% ▼	14%	17%	15%
Trade/technical certificate/diploma	2%	2%	4%	5%	2%	1%	0%	3%	2%	2%
High school graduate or less	1%	2%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	2%	0%	2%

Base: All respondents, excluding prefer not to answer. **Small sample size, interpret with caution. B1. What is the highest level of formal education that you have achieved?



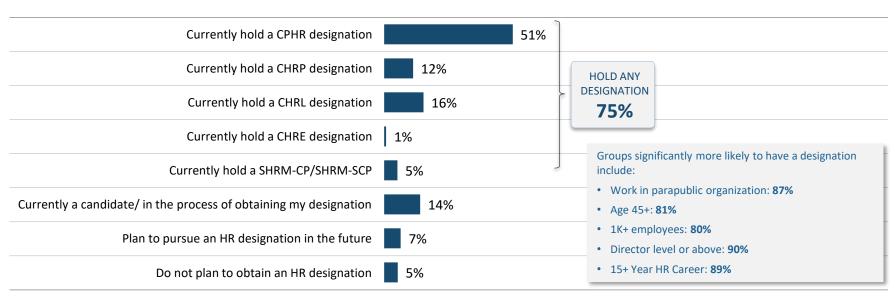






Current HR Designation: **NATIONAL**

Three-guarters of HR professionals currently hold an HR designation, and 1-in-7 are either currently in the process of obtaining their designation or are currently a candidate – with those 18-34 being most likely. Only 1-in-20 have no plans to pursue an HR designation.



Base: All respondents (n=1954)

B3. Which of the following best describes your current situation with respect to the designation(s) you hold?



Current HR Designation: By Region



Nearly all Quebec members hold an HR designation, most commonly holding the CPHA designation specifically.

Members from Manitoba and Saskatchewan are **most likely** to be a current candidate/in progress of obtaining their designation. Half of Ontario members hold a CHRL designation.

PROVINCE

2022	TOTAL (n=1,954	BC (n=273	AB (n=29)	SK (n=9)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588	QC (n=430	NS (n=115	NB (n=48**	Atlantic (n=179)
HOLD NY DESIGNATION	75%	68%	68%▼	45%▼	58%▼	75%	96% 🔺	72%	56%▼	68%
Curretly hold a CPHR designation	51%	66%▲	65% 🔺	43%	54%	4% ▼	93% 🔺	68%▲	56%	65%▲
Curretly hold a CHRP designation	12%	4% ▼	2% ▼	3% ▼	4% ▼	31% 🔺	3% ▼	5%	2% 🔻	4% ▼
Curretly hold a CHRL designation	16%	2% ▼	1% 🔻	0% 🔻	0% ▼	50% 🔺	<1%▼	2% ▼	0% 🔻	2% ▼
Curretly hold a CHRE designation	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Curretly hold a SHRM -CP/SHRM-SCP	5%	10%	13% 🔺	1%	17%▲	2%	0%	6%	6%	7%
Curretly a candidate/ in the process of obtaining my desigation	14%	21%	19%	29%▲	31% 🔺	14%	1% 🔻	17%	17%	15%
Plan to ursue an HR designation in the future	7%	7%	8%	16%	3%	8%	2%	3%	8%	5%
Do nolan to obtain an HR designation	5%	5%	5%	12%	8%	5%	1%	8%	21% 🔺	12%

Base: All respondents. **Small sample size, interpret with caution.
B3. Which of the following best describes your current situation with respect to the designation(s) you hold?

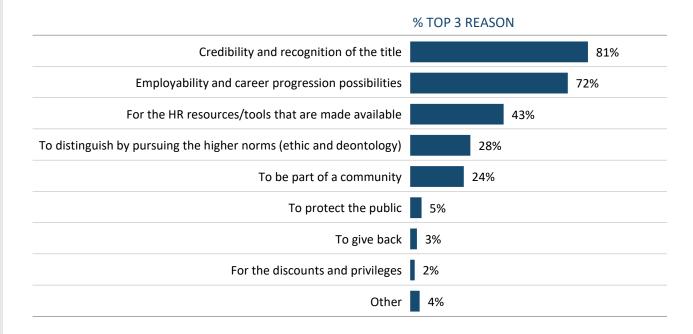


The main reasons for achieving a designation are "credibility and recognition of the title" and "employability and career progression possibilities".

Nearly half obtained their designation "for the HR resources/tools that are made available". Those aged 18-34 are most likely to find this appealing.



Reason for Getting Designation: NATIONAL





Reason for Getting Designation: By Region

Those in Quebec are **less likely** to get a designation for employability and career progression possibilities, but **more likely** for the HR resources/tools made available and to distinguish by pursuing the higher norms.

Those in Manitoba and Ontario are **more likely** to get a designation for employability and career progression possibilities. Those working at organizations with <\$10M revenue and aged 45+ are **least likely** to do so for this reason.

PROVINCE

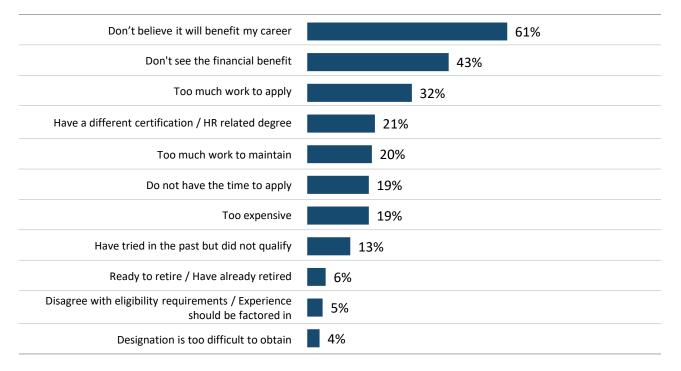
% TOP 3 REASON	TOTAL (n=1,839)	BC (n=258)	AB (n=277)	SK (n=82)	MB (n=85)	ON (n=553)	QC (n=423)	NS (n=105)	NB (n=38**)	Atlantic (n=157)
Credibility and recognition of the title	81%	82%	82%	74%	87%	80%	80%	87%	89%	87%
Employability and career progression possibilities	72%	76%	75%	77%	82% 🔺	83% 📥	48% ▼	77%	76%	78%
For the HR resources/tools that are made available	43%	41%	41%	39%	21% 🔻	35% ▼	62% 🔺	43%	32%	38%
To distinguish by pursuing the higher norms (ethic and deontology)	28%	18% ▼	20% ▼	39% 🔺	38% 🔺	20% ▼	44% 🔺	21%	32%	25%
To be part of a community	24%	30%	26%	28%	22%	20%	25%	26%	16%	24%
To protect the public	5%	2%	5%	9%	4%	4%	10%	4%	0%	3%
To give back	3%	6%	4%	5%	1%	1%	2%	7%	0%	6%
For the discounts and privileges	2%	3%	1%	0%	0%	3%	2%	1%	0%	1%
Other	4%	5%	4%	4%	2%	4%	4%	2%	11%	4%

Base: Have designation. **Small sample size, interpret with caution.
B5. What are the top 3 reasons why you chose to get the designation(s), or are planning on getting one?



Among the few (5%) HR professionals across Canada who are not interested in getting an HR designation, the top reasons are that it will not benefit their career, or they don't see it offering financial benefits.

Reasons for Being Uninterested in HR Designation: **NATIONAL**



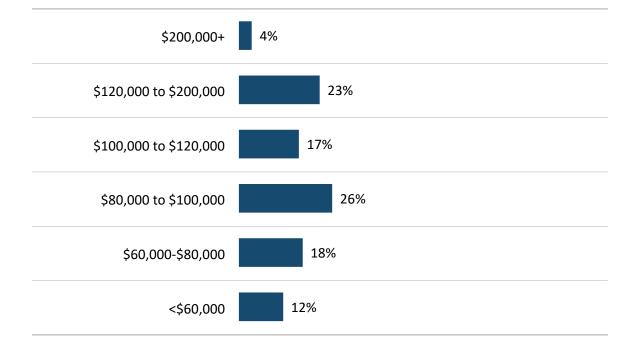








HR professionals most commonly earn between \$80,000 to \$100,000 in base salary, before taxes.



Base: All respondents, excluding prefer not to answer (n=1,803)
C1a. What is your current annual base salary before taxes?
C1b. Which of the following categories best matches your current annual base salary before taxes?



Current Annual Salary: By Region

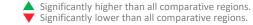


Members across regions in Canada earn comparable salaries.

PROVINCE

2022	TOTAL (n=1,803)	BC (n=254)	AB (n=267)	SK (n=83)	MB (n=86)	ON (n=536)	QC (n=405)	NS (n=110)	NB (n=45**)	Atlantic (n=170)
\$200,000+	4%	4%	6%	6%	2%	4%	3%	1%	0%	1%
\$120,000 to \$200,000	23%	22%	26%	20%	24%	23%	21%	25%	22%	23%
\$100,000 to \$120,000	17%	16%	20%	16%	16%	16%	18%	16%	11%	16%
\$80,000 to \$100,000	26%	30%	27%	35%	26%	24%	25%	23%	38%	26%
\$60,000 to \$80,000	18%	18%	10%▼	13%	22%	18%	22%	19%	18%	20%
<\$60,000	12%	10%	11%	10%	9%	15%	11%	15%	11%	14%

Base: All respondents, excluding prefer not to answer. **Small sample size, interpret with caution. C1a. What is your current annual base salary before taxes? C1b. Which of the following categories best matches your current annual base salary before taxes?





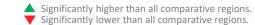
Current Annual Salary: By Demographics



Annual salary among members is **substantially higher** at more senior job levels and more years of experience. Women also tend to earn a lower salary (roughly \$103k vs \$118k among men).

		GENDER JOB LEVELS				YEARS OF EXPERIENCE			
2022	TOTAL (n=1,803)	Man/ Trans man (n=305)	Woman/ Trans woman (n=1462)	Junior/ Support/Mid (n=389)	Director & above (n=145)	<6 years (n=431)	6 to <15 years	15 years+	
\$200,000+	4%	8%	3%	0%	11%	0%	1%	7%	
\$120,000 to \$200,000	23%	27%	22%	5%▼	48%▲	3%▼	14% ▼	39%▲	
\$100,000 to \$120,000	17%	16%	17%	14%	19%	3%▼	19%	20%	
\$80,000 to \$100,000	26%	23%	27%	36%▲	13%▼	17%▼	36%▲	21%	
\$60,000 to \$80,000	18%	14%	19%	27% ▲	6%▼	41% 📥	21%	6%▼	
<\$60,000	12%	12%	12%	17%	3%▼	36% 🔺	8%	7%	

Base: All respondents, excluding prefer not to answer. **Small sample size, interpret with caution. C1a. What is your current annual base salary before taxes? C1b. Which of the following categories best matches your current annual base salary before taxes?

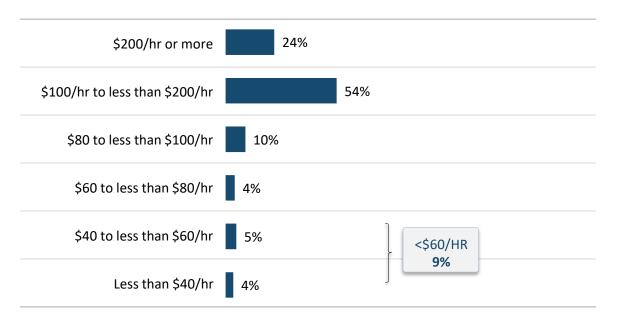






Hourly Rate Among Self-Employed: NATIONAL

Over three-in-four self-employed HR professionals charge \$100/hour or more for their services.



Base: Self-employed consultant or gig/freelance worker, excluding prefer not to answer (n=136). C2. What hourly rate do you typically charge for your service(s)?



Bonus Size (Percentage): By Region

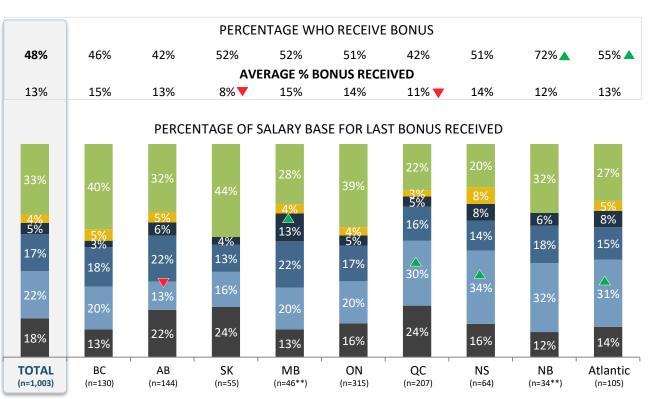
Nearly half of HR professionals are offered a bonus.

Among those who are offered a bonus, the average percentage of salary base for the bonus is 13%.

Groups significantly more likely to have get a higher bonus percentage include:

- Organization with \$100M+ revenue: 16%
- Director and above: 16%
- In HR career 15+ years: 16%
- Age 45+: **15%**
- Work in private organization: 14%
- Holds HR designation: 13%





Base: Receive bonus/additional cash performance compensation, excluding don't know.

^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.

C3. Do you receive a bonus or additional cash performance compensation?

C3b. What is the percentage of salary base for your last bonus?





Post Retirement Benefits: By Region

About 1-in-4 HR professionals have a defined benefit pension plan. Just over 2-in-5 have RRSP contributions offered to them in some form.

Those in Quebec are **most likely** to have a collective RRSP. Those in the Parapublic/public sectors are **more likely** to have a defined pension plan, while those in the private sector are **more likely** to have RRSP benefits.

PROVINCE

2022	TOTAL (n=1,954)	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
TOTAL – RRSP contributions	42%	40%	47%	31%	44%	40%	47%	42%	48%	44%
RRSP contributions – you are required to match	27%	27%	34% 🔺	25%	33%	28%	17% 🔻	35%	42%▲	36%▲
Defined benefit pension plan	27%	33%	27%	27%	35%	26%	20% 🔻	33%	27%	32%
Money purchase pension/ defined contribution pension	12%	9%	7%	26%▲	12%	14%	13%	17%	8%	13%
RRSP contributions – you are not required to match	10%	12%	12%	6%	14%	11%	10%	3%	4%	4%
Collective RRSP	9%	4%	5%	1% 🔻	2%	4%	25% 🔺	3%	4%	3%
Supplementary Retirement Savings Program	3%	2%	5%	3%	1%	3%	5%	2%	2%	2%
Mixed pension plan	3%	1%	3%	9%	5%	2%	<1%	3%	8%	4%
Other	5%	3%	4%	8%	10%	5%	7%	5%	4%	5%
None	20%	21%	23%	13%	11% 🔻	23%	21%	10%▼	10%	11%▼

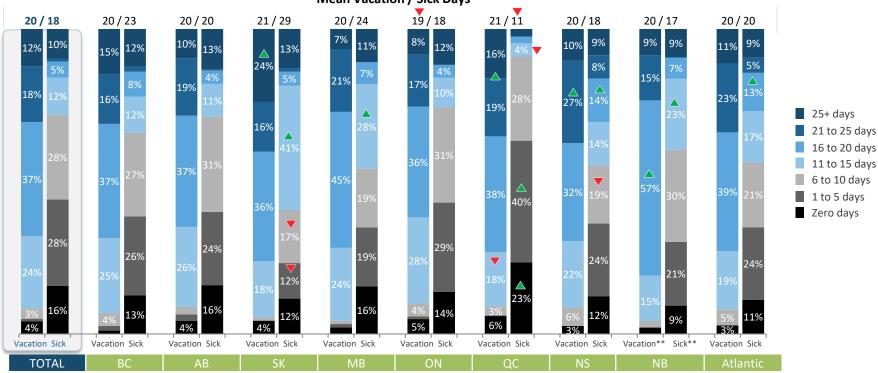
Base: All respondents. **Small sample size, interpret with caution. C4. What type of post-retirement benefits are offered to you?

Leger

Paid Sick and Vacation Days: By Region

On average, members receive 20 vacation days and 18 sick days per year. Those in Ontario receive slightly less vacation time, while those in Quebec receive substantially less sick time.

Mean Vacation / Sick Days



Base: All respondents, excluding don't know (n varies). **Small sample size, interpret with caution.

C5a. How many **paid vacation** days do you receive each year?

C5b. How many **paid sick days** are provided to you per year? This would be the number of paid sick days provided to you above and beyond what is required by employment legislation.



Health Benefits: By Region

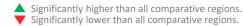
Nearly all HR professionals have health benefits provided by their employer, with the most common being "prescription drug plans", "dental coverage", and "life insurance".

Members in Quebec are **least likely** to receive health benefits from their employer, while members in Manitoba are **most likely**. Those in the private sector are **less likely** to receive most health benefits.

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2022	TOTAL (n=1,954)	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
HAVE HEALTH BENEFITS	90%	95%	93%	93%	98% 🔺	91%	81% 🔻	94%	94%	94%
Prescription drug plan	84%	91%	86%	89%	94% 🔺	85%	72%▼	92% 🔺	88%	91%
Dental coverage	83%	93% 🔺	87%	90% 🔺	95% 🔺	87%	60%▼	93% 🔺	90%	92% 🔺
Life insurance	83%	88%	85%	86%	92% 🔺	82%	74% ▼	85%	90%	86%
Employee Assistance Program (EAP)	79%	85%	84%	83%	89% 🔺	79%	69%▼	84%	85%	84%
Accidental death & dismemberment insurance (AD&D)	78%	85%	82%	78%	92% 🔺	78%	65%▼	87% 📥	83%	86% 🔺
Chiropractor treatments	78%	88% 🔺	78%	89%▲	91% 🔺	80%	61% V	86% 🔺	85%	85%
Massage Therapy	78%	90% 🔺	80%	87%▲	85%	78%	61%▼	90% 🔺	85%	88% 🔺
Physiotherapist services	77%	85% 🔺	77%	83%	85%	79%	63%▼	90% 📥	90% 📥	89% 🔺
Bereavement leave	76%	85% 🔺	80%	81%	91% 🔺	79%	55%▼	86% 🔺	88%	87% 🔺
Psychologist services	76%	81%	79%	85%▲	78%	74%	67%▼	85% 📥	85%	85% 🔺

Base: All respondents, excluding don't know. **Small sample size, interpret with caution. C6. Do you receive health benefits (dental coverage, drug plans, etc.) in your current role? C6b. Which of the following types of health benefits does your employer provide to you?





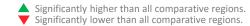
Health Benefits: By Region (Continued)

Less than half of Quebec members receive "vision coverage" from their employer. Most Alberta members receive a Healthcare Spending Account.

PROVINCE

2022	TOTAL (n=1,954)	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
Vision coverage	74%	88% 🔺	72%	83% 🔺	86% 🔺	81% 🔺	46%▼	90% 🔺	85%	88% 📥
Travel insurance	73%	75%	72%	75%	88% 🔺	74%	66%▼	77%	83%	78%
Semi-private hospital room	67%	66%	67%	59%	80%▲	68%	60%	83% 🔺	77%	79%▲
Employer funded long-term disability leave	60%	64%	56%	66%	71% 📥	59%	58%	64%	65%	62%
Orthodontic coverage	54%	70% 🔺	62%▲	73% 📥	66%▲	53%	31%▼	62%	58%	59%
Critical illness insurance	51%	55%	57%	53%	59%	47%	47%	50%	60%	51%
Employer funded short-term disability leave	50%	47%	54%	48%	52%	51%	49%	40%▼	52%	42%▼
Dietitian consultations	45%	49%	44%	46%	59%▲	41%	40%	50%	60%▲	52%▲
Smoking cessation assistance	41%	45%	47%	53% 📥	51%	39%	26%▼	58%▲	65%▲	57%▲
Healthcare Spending Account	38%	37%	60%▲	44%	46%	36%	25%▼	35%	44%	37%

Base: All respondents, excluding don't know. **Small sample size, interpret with caution. C6. Do you receive health benefits (dental coverage, drug plans, etc.) in your current role? C6b. Which of the following types of health benefits does your employer provide to you?





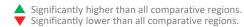
Flexible Work Arrangements: By Region

Over 8-in-10 have flexible work arrangements made available by their employer. This is similar across regions – ranging from 79%-86%. Members in Quebec are **most likely** to have remote work, sabbatical opportunities, and the possibility of working abroad made available by their employers.

PROVINCE

2022	TOTAL (n=1,954)	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
HAVE FLEX WORK ARRANGEMENTS	83%	83%	83%	82%	79%	82%	86%	83%	82%	83%
Hybrid working (mix of in office and remote)	67%	69%	68%	59%	60%	67%	67%	64%	73%	68%
Flexible start / end times	63%	65%	60%	65%	68%	61%	65%	64%	50%	60%
Remote working	47%	49%	43%	43%	39%	41%	60% 🔺	46%	44%	46%
Extra or unlimited sick days/personal days	18%	17%	15%	15%	12%	15%	27% 🔺	14%	29% 📥	18%
Compressed work week	18%	20%	19%	13%	12%	15%	21%	21%	15%	20%
Sabbatical opportunity	10%	8%	6%	5%	3%	8%	20% 📥	8%	4%	7%
Possibility of working abroad	9%	7%	6%	2%	3%	7%	18% 📥	8%	0%▼	6%
Job sharing	4%	5%	4%	12%	2%	3%	3%	5%	4%	6%

Base: All respondents, excluding don't know/other. **Small sample size, interpret with caution. C7. Does your workplace offer flexible work arrangements?



C7b. What types of flexible work arrangements has your employer made available to you?





Nearly all members receive training & development opportunities from their organization.

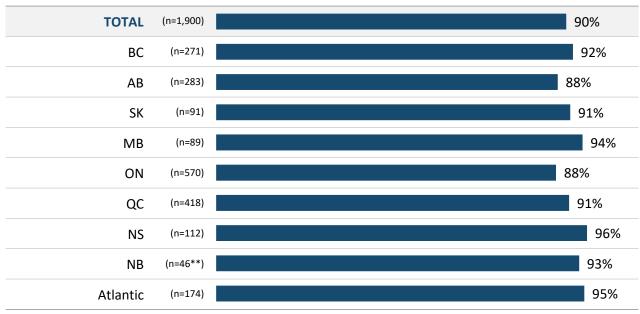
Those across Canada are similarly likely to be provided with training & development opportunities (ranging from 88% to 96% of members).



Training & Development:

By Region

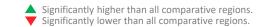
% YES



^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.

Base: All respondents, excluding don't know.

D1. Does your organization provide you with training & development opportunities





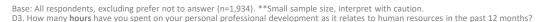
Past Year Hours Spent on Professional Development: By Region

At a national level, those who do not currently hold a HR designation (50.4) or have less than 6 years experience (50.0) have spent **more hours** on professional development this past year compared to those who hold a HR designation (42.7) or have more than 6 years experience in their career (42.6 for 6-15 years, 44.2 for 15+ years).

Looking at each province, members in BC are had the **most hours** spent, while those in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick had the **least hours** spent.

PROVINCE

	NATIONAL		BC (n=273)	AB (n=289)	SK (n=92)	MB (n=92)	ON (n=580)	QC (n=428)	NS (n=112)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=176)
120 hours or more	8%	Groups significantly more likely to spend time on	12%	9%	8%	5%	9%	5%	4%	2%	3%
80 to less than 120 hours	7%	professional development include: • Organization <\$10M:	7%	6%	8%	12%	7%	5%	5%	8%	7%
40 to less than 80 hours	19%	52.6 hrs • Director and above: 50.8 hrs	22%	20%	23%	22%	19%	16%	19%	19%	19%
20 to less than 40 hours	38%	No HR designation: 50.4 hrs	32%	36%	41%	33%	40%	40%	41%	40%	40%
Less than 20 hours	27%	• HR career <6 years yrs: 50.0 hrs	25%	27%	21%	27%	24%	32%	30%	31%	30%
I have not spent any time on professional development in the past 12 months	2%	Organization size <250: 48.2 hrs	1%	3%	0%	1%	2%	2%	1%	0%	1%
AVERAGE # of HRS	44.5		51.2	45.8	47.2	46.2	46.5	38.4▼	37.7▼	37.7	38.7▼





Past Year Professional Development Spending: By Region

Among HR professionals who spent time on PD, half had \$500-\$1999 spent on their professional development in the past year – by either themselves or their employers.

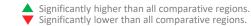
Members in Saskatchewan and Manitoba had the **most money** spent on their professional development in the past year, while those in Ontario had the **least money** spent.

PROVINCE

	NATIONAL	BC (n=247)	AB (n=255)	SK (n=83)	MB (n=90)	ON (n=516)	QC (n=398)	NS (n=105)	NB (n=43**)	Atlantic (n=162)
\$4000+	6%	7%	7%	11%	3%	5%	5%	4%	14% 🔺	7%
\$3000-\$3999	4%	2%	4%	8%	6%	4%	3%	5%	2%	4%
\$2000-\$2999	9%	8%	11%	10%	14%	8%	9%	15%	5%	12%
\$1500-\$1999	10%	13%	7%	12%	20% 🔺	9%	11%	10%	7%	9%
\$1000-\$1499	16%	19%	13%	14%	23%	15%	18%	14%	14%	14%
\$500-\$999	24%	26%	24%	19%	17%	24%	27%	23%	19%	21%
\$1-\$499	18%	14%	20%	16%	9% ▼	19%	19%	23%	26%	27% 📥
\$0	12%	12%	14%	10%	8%	16% 🔺	8%	7%	14%	8%
AVERAGE (\$1275	\$1327	\$1262	\$1654	\$1511	\$1156 ▼	\$1260	\$1312	\$1395	\$1307

Base: All respondents, excluding don't know (n=1,754). **Small sample size, interpret with caution.

D2. How much money have you, or your employer, spent on your personal professional development as it relates to human resources in the past 12 months?





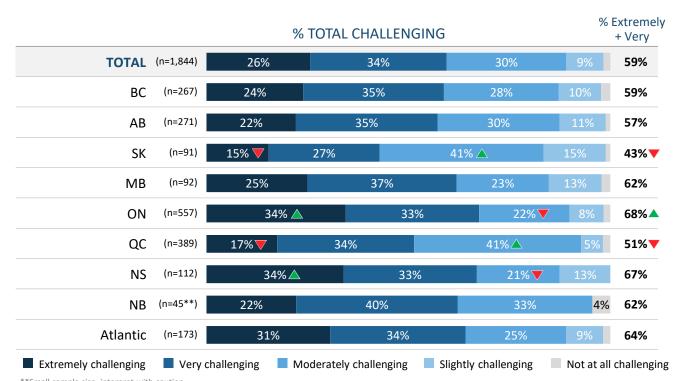


Over the past year, recruitment has been very or extremely challenging for 6-in-10 HR professionals.

Members in Ontario are **most likely** to have had found recruitment very or extremely challenging with in the past year, while members in Saskatchewan and Quebec were **least likely**.



Recruitment Challenges: NATIONAL



^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.
Base: All respondents excluding don't know/not applicable.
E1. Over the past year, how challenging has it been for your organization with regards to recruitment?





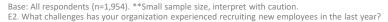
Challenges Experienced: By Region

A lack of applicants has been the primary recruitment challenge in the past year, followed by candidates declining job offers, missing necessary hard skills, and lacking sufficient experience.

Members in Saskatchewan are **least likely** to be challenged by successful candidates leaving shortly after beginning work (for another job) or candidates not attending scheduled interviews.

PROVINCE

	NATIONAL	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
Lack of applicants	23%	24%	20%	24%	26%	20%	29%	23%	25%	23%
Candidates decline job offers	17%	21%	19%	17%	18%	18%	13%	14%	13%	14%
Candidates missing necessary hard skills	15%	16%	13%	16%	11%	14%	20%	15%	15%	15%
Candidates do not have enough experience		16%	16%	14%	20%	14%	16%	10%	8%	11%
Successful candidates leave shortly after beginning work for another job	14%	14%	15%	6% ▼	18%	13%	15%	13%	15%	13%
Candidates do not attend scheduled interviews	13%	14%	13%	5% ▼	15%	12%	15%	11%	8%	10%
Unable to agree on salary	13%	13%	12%	8%	11%	14%	13%	12%	13%	12%
Candidates missing necessary soft skills	11%	12%	11%	10%	11%	11%	12%	10%	4%	9%
Successful candidates do not show up for first day of work	7%	7%	9%	3%	8%	7%	8%	6%	6%	6%
Other	1%	1%	2%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	2%	1%

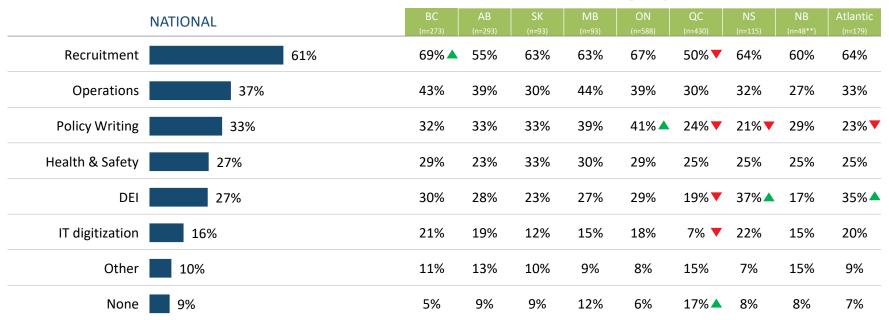




Past 12 Month Workload Increases: By Region

Workload related to recruitment has increased for most members in the past year.

Those in Quebec are **most likely** to report no increases in any of the following areas. HR professionals in BC and Yukon are **most likely** to have had a higher workload with recruitment, while those Quebec are **least likely**.







Among those who have experienced an increased workload (in any area), just under 4-in-10 HR professionals have added support.

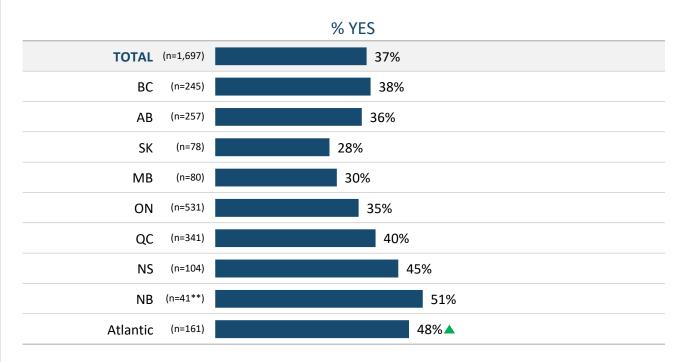
Members in Atlantic Canada are **most likely** to have added support.

Organizations with <\$10M are less likely to have added support, while those with \$100M+ are more likely.



Added Support for Workload Increase:

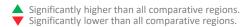
By Region



^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.

Base: Those with increased workload in last 12 months, excluding don't know.

E3c. Have you added support for this increased workload?







One-in-three cite employee retention as being very or extremely challenging in the past year.

Members in Ontario are **most likely** to have found employee retention very or extremely challenging, while those in Saskatchewan are **least likely**.

Those with greater challenges with retention are **more likely** to offer rewards & recognition programs.

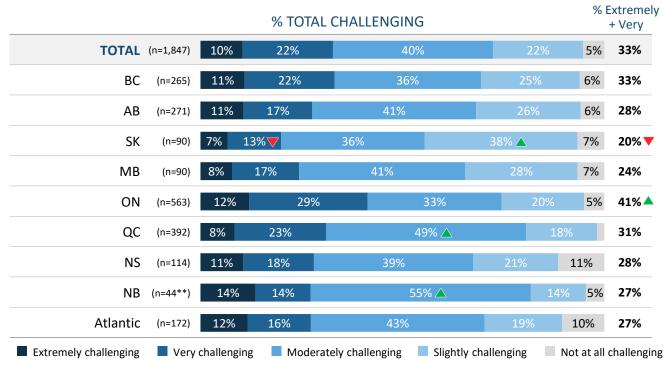
Groups significantly more likely to find retention very or extremely challenging include:

- Healthcare & Social Services: 51%
- Organizations size 1000+: 40%
- (Para)public organizations: 36%

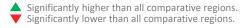


Employee Retention Challenge:

By Region



^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.



Base: All respondents, excluding don't know/not applicable.

F1. Over the past year, how challenging has it been for your organization with regards to **employee retention**?



Retention Measures Implemented by Organization: By Region

Approximately half of members' organizations implemented flexible work options and re-evaluated employee compensation as a measure to improve employee retention.

Organizations in BC & Yukon are **most likely** to have re-evaluated employee compensation, while those in Quebec are **least likely**. Parapublic/public sector organizations are also **less likely** to re-evaluate employee compensation.

	NATIONAL	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
Flexible work options	54%	54%	52%	55%	47%	55%	53%	54%	56%	56%
Re-evaluating employee compensation	47%	59%▲	49%	53%	53%	47%	34%▼	49%	56%	52%
Wellness initiatives	42%	45%	39%	42%	31%▼	40%	46%	41%	42%	41%
Onboarding & orientation programs	40%	47%	42%	43%	53%▲	40%	28%▼	53% 🔺	50%	53%▲
Culture building initiatives	39%	52% 📥	39%	41%	39%	38%	36%	31%	31%	32%
Offering learning and development opportunities	38%	44%	39%	44%	44%	37%	33%	37%	33%	36%
Recognition programs	32%	36%	31%	38%	33%	30%	31%	30%	33%	31%

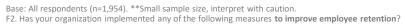




Retention Measures Implemented by Organization: By Region

(Continued)

	NATIONAL	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
Workplace perks	26%	29%	24%	23%	32%	24%	26%	30%	19%	28%
Implemented/increased health benefits	24%	29%	25%	23%	20%	22%	26%	22%	15%	19%
Performance management programs	23%	31% 🛕	21%	29%	26%	23%	18%	26%	21%	26%
Rewards programs	18%	20%	20%	27% 🔺	18%	15%	15%	21%	21%	20%
Employee mentorship programs	17%	19%	13%	23%	12%	19%	16%	17%	6% 🔻	15%
Implemented/increased financial benefits	14%	15%	15%	15%	16%	12%	18%	8% 🔻	13%	9%
Other	3%	3%	4%	5%	2%	3%	4%	3%	2%	3%
None	11%	7%	11%	13%	9%	10%	14%	10%	13%	10%

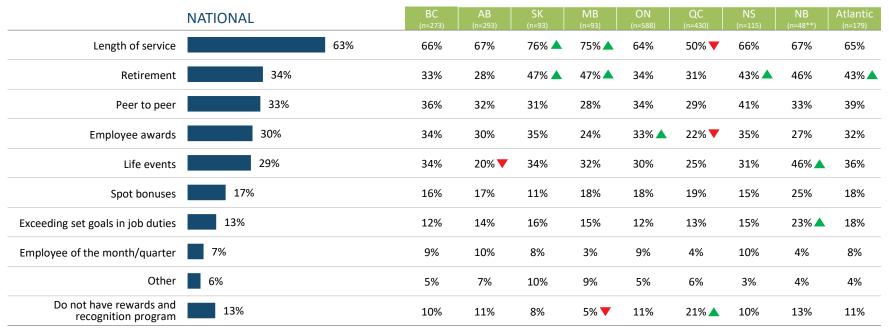




Types of Rewards and Recognition Offered: By Region

Nearly two-in-three have length of service reward and recognition programs in place at their workplace. About one-third have retirement, peer to peer, and employee award rewards and recognition programs.

Members in Quebec are **least likely** to have a rewards and recognition program, while members in Manitoba are **most likely**.





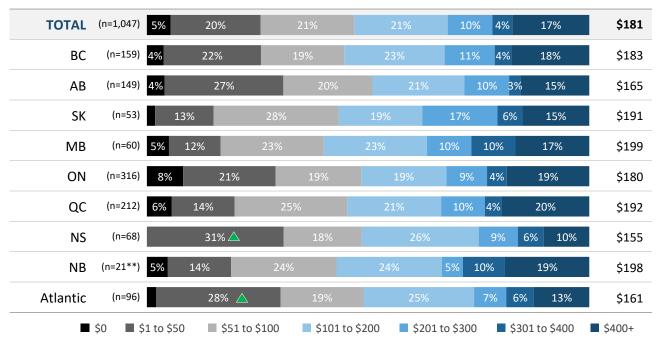


Money spent recognizing employees – on average – ranges from \$155 (in Nova Scotia) to \$199 (in Manitoba), but there are no statistically significant differences between regional means.

Private sector organizations spend **substantially more** per year recognizing employees (\$210 vs. \$130 Parapublic/public).

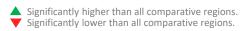


How Much Spent Recognizing Employees: By Region



^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.

Base: Have rewards and recognition programs, excluding don't know.
F3c. Approximately how much is spent on recognizing each individual employee per year?





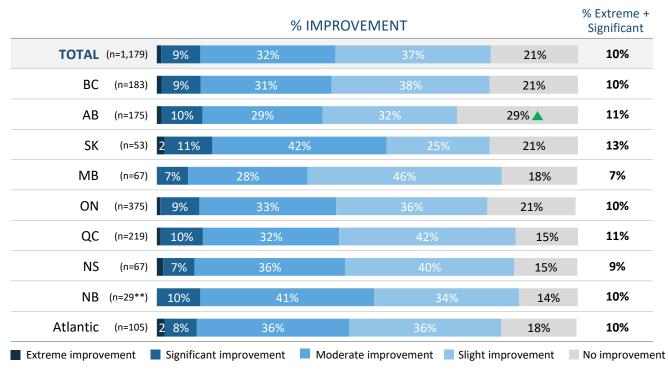
Nearly 8-in-10 report at least a slight improvement on employee engagement as a result of their rewards and recognition program.

Members in Alberta or in Parapublic/public organizations are **less likely** to say rewards and recognition programs have an impact on overall employee engagement.



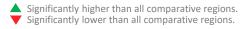
Impact of Rewards Program:

By Region



^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.

F4. What effect has your workplace's rewards and recognition program had on overall employee engagement?



Base: Have rewards and recognition programs, excluding don't know.



Measure to Offset Inflation for Employees: By Region

Nearly half of HR professionals say they have increased salaries as a measure to offset inflation for employees, while over four-in-ten have not taken any measures.

Members in New Brunswick are **more likely** to have increased bonuses. Organizations with \$10M-<\$100M revenue are **more likely** to have increased salaries.

	NATIONAL	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
Increased salaries	47%	53%	42%	42%	53%	42%	53%	54%	50%	52%
Increased employee recognition	9%	8%	8%	9%	8%	7%	13%	8%	6%	9%
Increased bonuses	8%	11%	10%	8%	3%	6%	11%	5%	21% 🔺	9%
Extra paid time off	7%	5%	7%	1%	9%	6%	8%	9%	4%	7%
Other	3%	3%	1%	5%	6%	3%	2%	2%	4%	2%
Have not taken any measures to offset inflation	44%	38%	50%	46%	38%	49%	39%	40%	35%	39%



Measure to Offset Inflation for Employees: By Industry

Members working in education, gov't/public sector agencies and commissions, and HR consultancies (firms or independent) are **less likely** to have taken measures to offset inflation – particularly increasing salaries. Those in manufacturing, construction, automotive and skilled trades are **more likely** to have increased salaries.

INDUSTRY

	NATIONAL		Education (n=165)	Gov't/ Public Agencies (n=202)	Health / Social Services (n=141)	Manufact- uring (n=209)	Not-For- Profit (n=139)	HR Consultant (Firm/Ind.)	Banking/ Finance/ Real Estate (n=98)	IT/ Telecom (n=117)	Construct./ Auto/ Trades (n=92)
Increased salaries		47%	24%▼	32%▼	37% ▼	63%▲	49%	36%▼	55%	50%	63% 🔺
Increased employee recognition	9%		3%	2%	6%	14%	4%	5%	9%	15%	5%
Increased bonuses	8%		3%	7%	9%	11%	9%	10%	12%	11%	9%
Extra paid time off	7%		3%	4%	9%	5%	9%	7%	4%	8%	7%
Other	3%		2%	2%	3%	3%	4%	4%	2%	3%	2%
Have not taken any measures to offset inflation		44%	70% 🔺	60% 📥	52%	29% ▼	44%	54% ▲	36%	43%	34% ▼

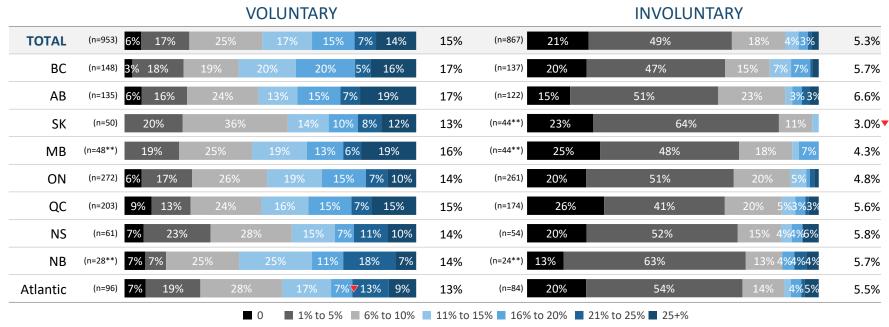




Turnover Rates: By Region

The voluntary turnover rate for organizations is similar across Canada, while the involuntary turnover rate is **lowest** in Saskatchewan.

Those working in gov't or public agencies/commissions, as well as HR consultancies, have **lower** involuntary (~3%) and voluntary turnover rates (~9%).



Base: All respondents, excluding don't know. **Small sample size, interpret with caution. F6. What has the **voluntary** turnover rate at your organization been for the past year? F6b. What has the **involuntary** turnover rate at your organization been for the past year?





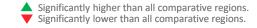
Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Initiatives: By Region

A slight majority of HR professionals say their employer has a formal strategy for addressing DEI and has implemented DEI initiatives.

Members in larger organizations, Parapublic/public sectors (including education), and Nova Scotia are **more likely** to have formal strategies for DEI – and to have implemented DEI initiatives – compared to the rest of the country.

Formal Strategy for Addressing DEI Have Implemented DEI Initiatives TOTAL (n=1,814)(n=1,776)60% 76% 55% BC (n=262)(n=258)61% 79% 56% AB (n=273)(n=269)59% 75% 56% SK (n=87) (n=83)54% 60% 81% (n=86)55% MB 56% (n=87) 21% 76% ON (n=550)(n=542)62% 58% 77% OC (n=384)46% **T** (n=373)53% V 67% **▼** NS (n=111)69% (n=107)71% 🛆 86% NB (n=44**) 50% (n=40** 60% 83% (n=169)(n=161)Atlantic 64% 68% <u></u> 86% YES YES Planning to

Base: All respondents, excluding don't know. **Small sample size, interpret with caution.



G1. Has your employer implemented a formal strategy for addressing diversity, equity and inclusion?

G2. Has your organization implemented any diversity, equity, and inclusion initiatives?

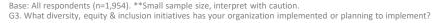


DEI Initiatives Implements: By Region

One-third or more have implemented – or plan to implement – DEI training, inclusive job ads/postings, unconscious bias training, or a DEI committee.

Larger organizations, Parapublic/public organizations, and those in Nova Scotia are at the forefront in implementing most of these initiatives.

NATIONAL		BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
DEI training	43%	49%	47%	38%	45%	47%	27%▼	57% 📥	42%	53%▲
Inclusive job ads/postings	40%	50% 📥	40%	43%	38%	41%	27%▼	52% 🔺	40%	49%▲
Unconscious bias training	36%	38%	41%	32%	42%	37%	26%▼	47% 🔺	33%	44%
Establishing a DEI Committee	34%	40%	39%	28%	25%▼	40%	22%▼	49% 🔺	23%	40%
Pay equity	27%	25%	21%	19%	27%	29%	31%	30%	35%	32%
Internal DEI survey	26%	32%	27%	19%	22%	29%	16%▼	40% 📥	19%	34%
Diversity in marketing	21%	26%	24%	23%	18%	20%	15%	37% 🔺	29%	33%▲
Employee resource groups (ERGs)	17%	19%	23%	16%	13%	19%	9% 🔻	24% 🔺	10%	19%





DEI Initiatives Implements: By Region (Continued)

		THO VIII CE								
	NATIONAL	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
Collecting human rights-based employee data	16%	14%	14%	20%	26% 🔺	18%	10%	23%	13%	20%
Diverse hiring panels	15%	20%	15%	14%	12%	18%	8%	30% 🔺	2%	21%
Mentorship programs	13%	16%	15%	19%	13%	15%	7%	19%	10%	16%
Career development tracking	12%	17%	10%	9%	17%	12%	11%	8%	15%	9%
Pay transparency	10%	14%	11%	15%	9%	10%	7%	12%	0%▼	9%
Tying management performance goals to D&I strategy	10%	12%	8%	14%	11%	11%	7%	12%	2%▼	10%
Blind hiring processes	6%	9%	8%	8%	3%	6%	4%	4%	4%	4%
Other	3%	4%	2%	3%	1%	2%	3%	4%	4%	4%





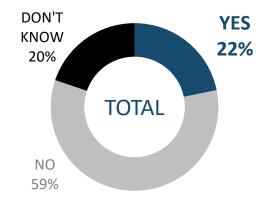
Over one-fifth of HR professionals say their employer formally measures DEI.

Larger organizations and those in Saskatchewan are **more likely** to say their employer formally measures DEI.



DEI Measurement:

By Region



BC	AB	SK	MB	ON	QC	NS	NB	Atlantic
(n=271)	(n=290)	(n=92)	(n=92)	(n=580)	(n=418)	(n=115)	(n=48**)	
20%	21%	38% ▲	26%	20%	18%	30% 🔺	21%	28%

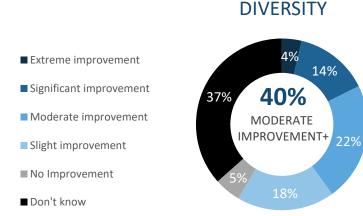
^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution. Base: All respondents (n=1,924).

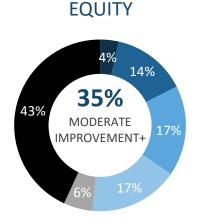


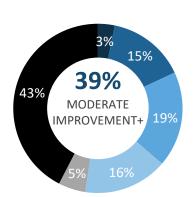


DEI Measurement: NATIONAL

Nearly one-fifth say there has been significant to extreme improvement in diversity, equity, and inclusion since their organization began measuring them. Nearly half say they either don't know or that there has been no improvement. In each area, smaller organizations are **more likely** to report improvement.







INCLUSION

Base: All respondents, excluding don't know (n≤402).

G4b. Since you began measuring diversity, equity, and inclusion, how much, if any, improvement has your organization seen in the following areas?



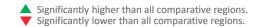


HR Digital Workforce Transformation: By Region

Just over one-quarter say their organization has developed a formal strategy to prepare HR for a digital workforce, while nearly four-in-ten say they have implemented an HR digital transformation initiative. Those working in manufacturing are **less likely** to have a formal strategy, while those working at IT/Telecom/ISP companies are **more likely**.



Base: All respondents, excluding don't know. **Small sample size, interpret with caution.



H1. Has your organization developed a formal strategy to prepare its human resources function for a digital workforce?

H2. Has your organization implemented any HR digital transformation initiatives?

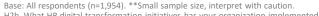


Digital Transformation Initiatives: By Region

The top HR digital transformation initiatives that have been implemented or are planned to be implemented include automating HR tasks, implementing new HR technologies, and improving HR metrics and analytics.

Half of Saskatchewan organizations plan to or have already implemented new HR technologies. Those working at government/public sector agencies & commissions are **more likely** to be automating HR tasks and training to improve digital literacy.

	NATIONAL	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
Automating HR tasks that were previously manual	37%	42%	40%	46%	34%	37%	30%	38%	38%	39%
Implementing new HR technologies	37%	43%	38%	52%▲	30%	36%	32%	36%	29%	36%
Improving HR metrics and analytics	34%	41%	40%	41%	31%	35%	24%▼	35%	29%	32%
Improving data security and privacy	29%	31%	32%	31%	26%	27%	28%	32%	33%	31%
Consolidating core systems	20%	20%	23%	26%	17%	17%	22%	19%	23%	19%
Training employees to improve digital literacy	17%	21%	19%	22%	20%	16%	13%	17%	10%	16%
Reskilling employees for new roles in the organization	9%	10%	9%	15%	6%	10%	6%	11%	15%	13%
Other	1%	1%	2%	2%	1%	1%	1%	3%	0%	3%

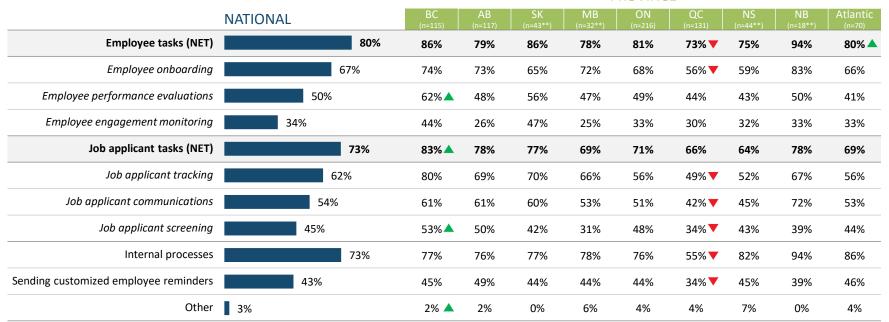


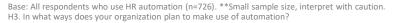
H2b. What HR digital transformation initiatives has your organization implemented or is planning to implement?



Automation: By Region

The majority of HR professionals say their organization plans to automate internal processes, employee onboarding, job applicant tracking, and job applicant communications. Members in Quebec are **less likely** to plan using automation for each job applicant related task listed below, along with other items.

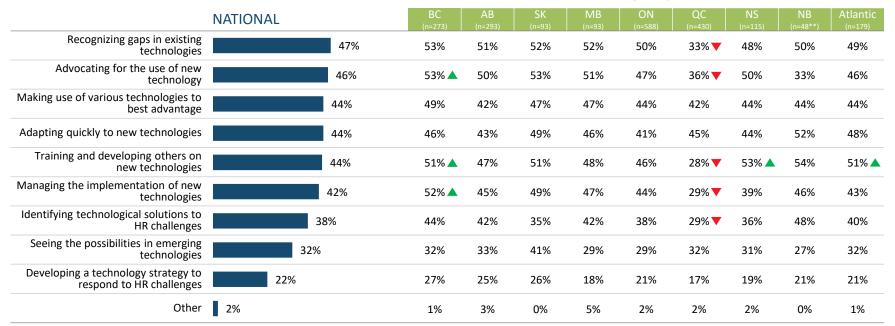






Competencies Needed when Working with HR Tech: By Region

Over four-in-ten HR professionals have needed to develop and draw on the majority of the following competencies when working with new and existing HR technology. Members in BC & Yukon are **more likely** to have needed many of these competencies, while those in Quebec or working at HR consultancies are **less likely**.





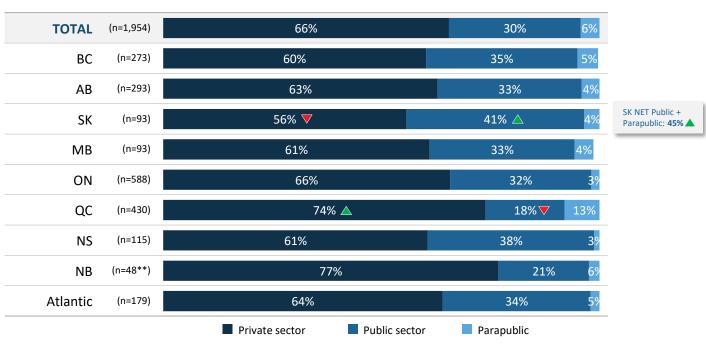






Sectors Work In:

By Region

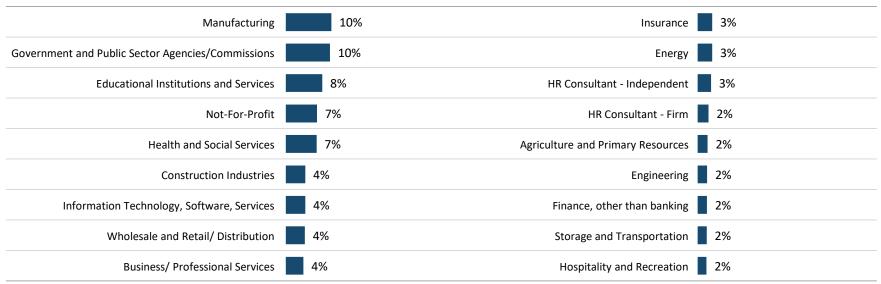


^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.
Base: All respondents, excluding don't know.
X1. What sector(s) do you work in?





Business Sector: NATIONAL

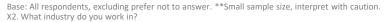


⁺Note: responses 2% and greater are shown. Base: All respondents, excluding prefer not to answer (n=1,938) X2. What industry do you work in?



Business Sector: By Region

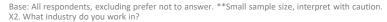
2022	TOTAL (n=1,938)	BC (n=272)	AB (n=291)	SK (n=91)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=584)	QC (n=427)	NS (n=113)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=177)
Manufacturing	10%	7%	5%	7%	16%	11%	13%	12%	17%	13%
Government and Public Sector Agencies/Commissions	10%	13%	10%	16%	6%	9%	7%	14%	15%	15%
Educational Institutions and Services	8%	9%	8%	11%	5%	9%	6%	12%	4%	11%
Not-For-Profit	7%	10%	10%	4%	9%	8%	4%	3%	4%	3%
Health and Social Services	7%	6%	8%	7%	8%	9%	4%	11%	2%	7%
Construction Industries	4%	6%	8%	4%	2%	4%	3%	3%	4%	3%
Information Technology, Software, Services	4%	5%	2%	2%	6%	5%	5%	5%	2%	5%
Wholesale and Retail/ Distribution	4%	3%	4%	8%	6%	5%	4%	3%	6%	3%
Business/ Professional Services	4%	2%	3%	2%	0%	3%	8%	2%	4%	3%
Insurance	3%	2%	2%	8%	10%	3%	3%	3%	2%	2%
Energy	3%	1%	12%▲	4%	0%	2%	2%	3%	0%	2%
HR Consultant - Independent	3%	1%	2%	2%	2%	3%	6%	0%	0%	1%
HR Consultant - Firm	2%	1%	4%	0%	2%	2%	5%	2%	0%	1%
Agriculture and Primary Resources	2%	3%	1%	9%	5%	1%	3%	2%	0%	1%
Engineering	2%	3%	2%	0%	2%	2%	2%	2%	4%	2%
Finance, other than banking	2%	3%	<1%	0%	3%	3%	2%	1%	2%	1%





Business Sector: By Region (Continued)

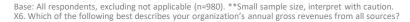
2022	TOTAL (n=1,938)	BC (n=272)	AB (n=291)	SK (n=91)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=584)	QC (n=427)	NS (n=113)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=177)
Storage and Transportation	2%	1%	2%	0%	3%	2%	3%	4%	6%	4%
Hospitality and Recreation	2%	2%	3%	1%	2%	3%	1%	3%	0%	2%
Banking	1%	1%	1%	5%	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%
Legal Services	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	2%	0%	1%
Real Estate	1%	3%	0%	1%	1%	1%	<1%	3%	0%	2%
Telecom / Internet	1%	1%	<1%	0%	1%	1%	2%	2%	0%	1%
Recruitment and Staffing	1%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%
Automotive Services	1%	<1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	<1%	2%	6%	3%
Pharmaceutical	1%	<1%	<1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	1%
Management Consulting	1%	<1%	1%	0%	0%	<1%	1%	0%	2%	1%
Union	<1%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	<1%	0%	0%	0%
Regulatory Agency	<1%	1%	<1%	0%	1%	<1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Pension Funds and Services	<1%	0%	0%	2%	0%	<1%	0%	0%	2%	1%
Policing	<1%	<1%	<1%	0%	0%	<1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Skilled Trades	<1%	0%	<1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%
Other	9%	11%	5%	5%	3%	8%	11%	8%	13%	10%





Organization Annual Gross Revenue: By Region

							_			
	NATIONAL	BC (n=143)	AB (n=140)	SK (n=43**)	MB (n=48**)	ON (n=278)	QC (n=243)	NS (n=55)	NB (n=20**)	Atlantic (n=83)
\$100M or more	30%	24%	39%▲	33%	19%	30%	27%	47%▲	45%	43%▲
\$50M to less than \$100M	11%	14%	9%	5%	17%	10%	12%	11%	10%	11%
\$20M to less than \$50M	14%	17%	14%	23%	10%	16%	14%	2% ▼	5%	2% ▼
\$10M to less than \$20M	14%	16%	8%	14%	17%	16%	11%	22%	20%	19%
\$5M to less than \$10M	9%	10%	11%	9%	17%	9%	9%	4%	5%	4%
\$2.5M to less than \$5M	12%	6%	9%	9%	6%	10%	20% 🔺	13%	5%	14%
Less than \$2.5M	9%	12%	9%	7%	15%	9%	7%	2%	10%	6%
\$20M to Less than \$100M	39%	48% 🔺	31%▼	42%	44%	42%	37%	35%	35%	33%
Less than \$10M	30%	28%	29%	26%	38%	28%	36%	18%▼	20%	24%

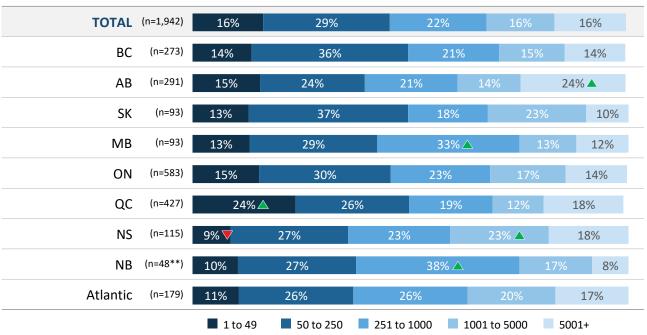






Number of Employees:

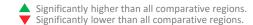
By Region



^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.

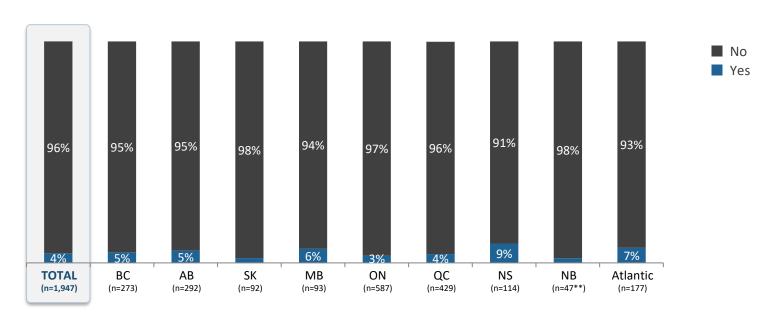
Base: All respondents, excluding don't know.

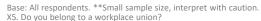
X3. How many employees work at your organization?





Workplace Union: By Region





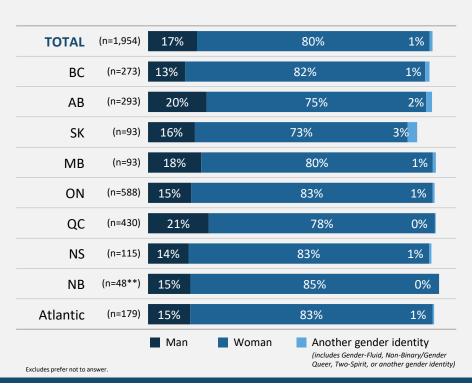




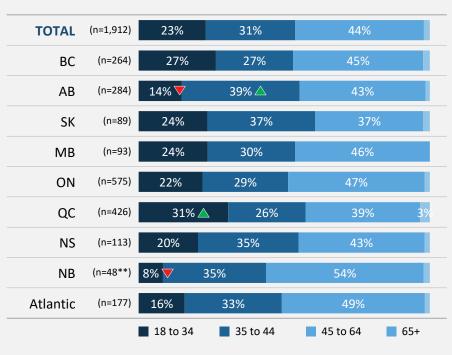
PERSONAL DEMOGRAPHICS: NATIONAL TOTAL



GENDER IDENTITY



AGE



Excludes prefer not to answer.

^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.



PERSONAL DEMOGRAPHICS: NATIONAL TOTAL



EQUITY GROUPS

PROVINCE

% YES	BC (n varies)	AB (n varies)	SK (n varies)	MB (n varies)	ON (n varies)	QC (n varies)	NS (n varies)	NB (n varies**)	Atlantic (n varies)
Identify as Racialized Person 14%	19%	16%	4%▼	8%	16%	15%	5%▼	0%▼	3%▼
Identify as Person with Disability 8%	6%	11%	13%	9%	10%	2%	11%	9%	10%
Identify as Indigenous Person 2%	3%	2%	5%	7%	2%	1%	4%	0%	3%

Excludes prefer not to answer.

^{**}Small sample size, interpret with caution.



PERSONAL DEMOGRAPHICS: NATIONAL TOTAL



ETHNICITY

Base: Total HR Professionals	TOTAL (n=1954)	BC (n=273)	AB (n=293)	SK (n=93)	MB (n=93)	ON (n=588)	QC (n=430)	NS (n=115)	NB (n=48**)	Atlantic (n=179)
South Asian	3%	5%	5%	0%	1%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Black	3%	2%	5%	3%	2%	3%	2%	2%	0%	1%
East Asian	2%	7%	2%	0%	2%	3%	1%	1%	0%	1%
Southeast	1%	1%	2%	1%	2%	1%	<1%	0%	0%	0%
Latin American	1%	3%	<1%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%
West Asian and Middle Eastern	1%	<1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	0%	1%
Indian-Caribbean	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Indigenous person from outside North America	0%	<1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Other	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	0%	0%



Leger

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